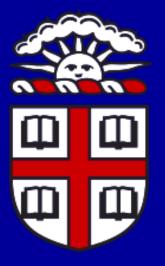
Chronic Sinus Disease with and without Polyps

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My Training











Sinusitis is a Love Story



Two Babies



One With...





One <u>Without...</u>





Disclaimer

 The cluster of symptoms that define "chronic sinus disease" overlap with multiple other disease processes

- The etiology of chronic sinus disease is not well understood
 - It is difficult to have strong studies given the heterogeneous nature of the disease

- Two or more of the following symptoms
- Greater than 12 weeks duration
 - -2 major
 - Nasal blockage/obstruction
 - Nasal discharge
 - Facial pain pressure
 - Decreased smell

Minor Signs / Symptoms

- Headache
- Fever
- Halitosis
- Fatigue
- Dental pain
- Cough
- Ear pain/pressure/fullness
 - One major two minors

Me Epidemiology

- Chronic sinusitis

 2-16% in population

 Nasal polyps

 20-33% of CRS patients
 Aspirin exacerbated res
 - Aspirin exacerbated respiratory disease represents ? 15% of the patients with chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps

Let us Start with Polyps

- Sinus surgeon view
 - Benign, stubborn, grape like projections most often within the ethmoid cavities
 - Nasal endoscopy can often diagnose



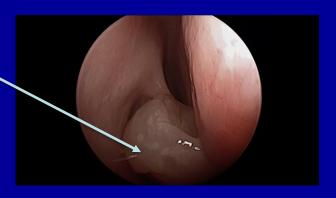
Exam Findings

Differential?

- Schneiderian papilloma
- Antrochoanal polyp
- Angiofibroma
- Encephalocele
- Malignancy







BEWARE

- Be very careful with one sided polyp
 - Schneiderian papilloma can contain cancer
 - "Polyp" medial to the middle turbinate can be brain
 - Cancer, cancer, cancer

What are they to the Patient?

- Classically long standing nasal congestion + loss of smell
- ? infection that they cannot clear



Summer, why can't you smell that? I certainly can!!!!

Nasal Polyp Basics

- Most common age of onset is 42 years and the typical age of diagnosis ranging from 40–60 years
- Nasal polyps found in patients < 20 years or > 80 years raise suspicion
 - Cystic fibrosis / PCD
 - Malignancy

Nasal Polyp Overlap

- Allergy makes people worse????
 - Patients with NP had more (+) skin tests
 - Patients with medically refractory sinusitis were more likely to have multiple (+) skin tests and asthma



- Individuals with sinus issues often have concurrent allergic rhinitis or asthma or both
- Key to work up is understanding: – GOALS OF THE PATIENT
 - Delivering targeted, cost effective care
- Involve your partners if you need help

Making it Simple

- What is feeding polyp growth?
- Inflammatory dysregulation

Transition Time



CRS Without Polyps



What Causes the Disease?

- We don't know
- Many potential pathophysiologic mechanisms
 - Bacteria (chronic infection)
 - Osteitis
 - Superantigens
 - Biofilms
 - Fungus
 - Immune dysfunction
 - Mucociliary clearance problem



- A separate lecture could be given just on theories of the etiology of CRS
- Until this is further clarified the disease will remain difficult to treat
- Let's agree that it exists and focus on a reasonable method to diagnose and treat it

Transition Time



Classification

- Endotyping helps to explain

 Differences in clinical manifestations
 - Variations in therapeutic response and prognosis

Endotyping

 An endotype is a subtype of a condition defined by a distinct functional or pathobiological mechanism

Transition Time





Let's Go To CLINIC!

Goals

- Why are you here?
- Would you consider surgery?
- Cost?
- Ability to comply
 - < 30 years old different world</p>
- Biases????
 - I don't like sprays
 - I don't like needles



Nasal endoscopy

First Up



Real Office Transcript

- Summer: Daddy, lots of symptoms forever!
- Dad: Forever? You are 3 months old.
- Summer: You get what I mean. Please feed me.



Initial Management

- What is the discussion you have with a patient once you make the diagnosis of nasal polyps?
 - Doctor what are polyps?
 - Stress benign process
 - Doctor is there a cure?
 - Medication for the rest of my life?

Treatment

- Tailored therapy
 - What bothers you the most?
 - How realistic is it we can attain improvement in symptoms
 - Am I right the person to manage your symptoms?
 - Shortness of breath
 - Clear allergic drive

Shut Up and Tell Them Something Helpful

- Decision tree #1
 - Do they want surgery?
 - Do you want to do surgery on them?
 - If both are yes I would provide 14 days of Augmentin / Doxycycline and a 10 day prednisone taper beginning at 30mg and tapering over 10 days
 - Why taper stretch the length of the course

Surgery – Remember this is a Love Story



Treatment

- Decision tree #1
 - Do they want surgery?
 - Do you want to do surgery on them?
 - If no to any question
 - Topical therapy
 - » Things are about to get complicated

Topical Steroids

- 3 main groups
 - Classic topicals
 - Fluticasone, Triamcinolone, Budesonide etc
 - I think they may get in the nose deeper
 - Fluticasone metered
 - Beclomethasone dipropionate
 - I think I want to go off label
 - Budesonide / Mometasone



Laryngoscope

Trio Society Best Practice Gree Access

Is topical high-volume budesonide sinus irrigation safe?

Yi Cai MD, David A. Gudis MD 🔀

 Current body of data demonstrates safety

***Tell patient it is off label

Typical Visit #1

The "Trial"

- Fluticasone 1-2 sprays each nostril BID
- Consider adding Azelastine @ 1 month
- Rinsing is not unreasonable but in some instances can be tough with polyps
 - Trapping / lack of easy access to the nasopharynx

Visit #2

- Rodriguez...you are terrible
- No benefit / I'm worse!!!
 - Now what?
 - Almost certainly oral therapy

3rd visit

I am SOOO much better
Smell is great
Breathing great
Look in nose and:





Lesson Here?

 Most important metric is how the patient perceives their symptom cluster

These symptoms are subjective

- Further altered by depression, anxiety etc.

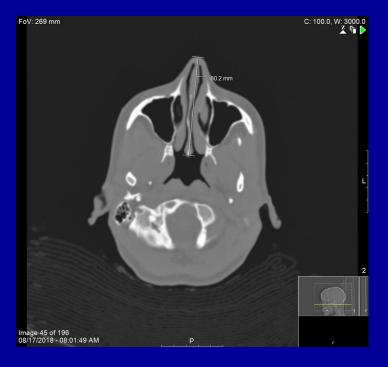
 Don't be pushed to fix something if it is not broken

Another story is forming

The Deviated Septum – a Short Story

I saw a women once:

- Why are you here?
 - I have a deviated septum?
- Why are you here?
 - My septum is deviated?
- So?
 - What do you mean so?
- How is your breathing?
 Fine
- Please leave my office



Now YOU!



Real Office Transcript

- Sadie: Can I have a treat?
- Dad: Can you tell me about your sinus problems?
- Sadie: Can I please have a treat?
- Dad: If you tell me about your sinuses.
- Sadie: Lots of symptoms forever.
- Dad: Good dog.

No Polyps

- Same global treatment picture
- I am much less aggressive to give oral therapy upfront

Now Things get Complicated

- Oral antihistamines
- Montelukast
 - -Asthma patients?
- Mucinex
- Ipratropium
 - -Anterior nasal drainage
- Oral / topical decongestants

 Nothing more than a rescue

I'm Scared

- Normal imaging but significant symptoms
- Migraine / chronic headache
- Known immune deficiency
- Cystic fibrosis / PCD
- Aspirin sensitive
- Crusting



Transition Time

Imaging – Soap Box Time

- Indications to scan
 - Work up for surgery 1mm cuts
 - Complications orbital / intra-cranial
 - Indications for contrast
 - » Infectious complication (abscess)
 - » Concern for malignancy
- I do not love scout films but...

CT Findings





CT Findings



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Surgery

- Why are you having surgery
 - Get drugs in***
 - Debulk polyps / get rid of inflammation
- In my biased opinion complete surgery is key
 - Not all sinuses in everyone just completing each sinus that is diseased
 - No balloons in polyp surgery



- I have a particular set of skills...



How they do...

- Difficult to predict who "wins"
 - Good prognosis
 - Lining appears normal when you are done
 - Obvious cause (dental infection)
 - Don't have polyps
 - Not aspirin sensitive (or all the other things that scared me)

What do you do with Topical Steroids Now?

- I like Budesonide or Mometasone in rinses BID
 - Can get creative and concentrate
- Traditional topicals make sense
- Metered fluticasone

Remember it is a chronic disease

Biologics

- These drugs target factors associated with the type-2 inflammation observed in the polyp tissue
- Very exciting...in theory

Lots of Choices

Role???

- Surgically and traditionally medically refractory polyposis
 - Medical indications
 - Atopic dermatitis
 - Asthma

Not front line from ENT side

I will make you a deal; I operate you desensitize

Am J Rhinol Allergy. 2018 Jul;32(4):280-286. doi: 10.1177/1945892418770260. Epub 2018 Apr 23.

Long-term Clinical Outcomes of Aspirin Desensitization With Continuous Daily Aspirin Therapy in Aspirin-exacerbated Respiratory Disease.

Walters KM¹, Waldram JD¹, Woessner KM¹, White AA¹.

- Aspirin desensitization:
 - Significantly improve overall respiratory symptoms and quality of life
 - Reduce polyp formation infections
 - Lessen the need of oral steroids and ESS

When to do it???

- Post surgery
- Aspirin desensitization helps in preventing or limiting regrowth of NPs
- You CAN operate on people on ASA (just not a lot of it)

Truths – as I see them

Polyps don't kill you – remember that

 Oral steroids work great...but can kill you – remember that

Truths – as I see them

- These patients need a thoughtful medical work up
 - ENT
 - Allergist / immunologist
 - Pulmonologist
 - Rheumatology
 - Neurology
- Many people need medical salvage after surgery

Truths – as I see them

- Be thoughtful with imaging

 Don't fixate on CT findings
- Carefully explain long term management
 - Look for compliance early
- Give realistic goals
- Don't forget you don't know everything

Hunting for Symptom Improvement

Exam Pearls – for the non-ENT

- Consider purchasing an inexpensive zero degree nasal endoscope
 - The view is dramatically better than using a speculum or otoscope





- Consider learning nasal endoscopy as an adjunct to your practice
- Consider watching a sinus surgery

Thank you!!!

- Sadie and Summer did great!!!
- Questions?



